Salary Negotiations

- Tips to Effectively Negotiate your Salary
- Tips to Properly ask for a Raise in your current job



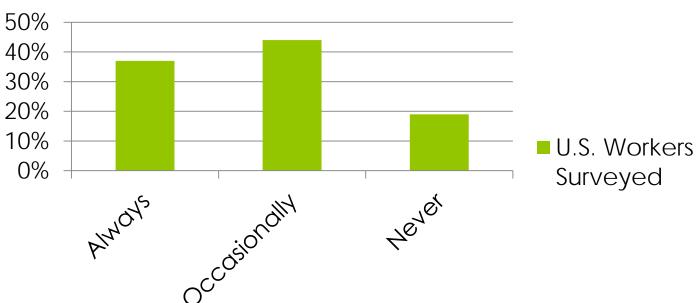
Agenda

- Survey Results
- Importance of Negotiating
- Proper Preparation and Research
- Items of Consideration
- Examples and Strategies
- Tips on Asking For a Raise
- O&A

How Often Do You Negotiate Your Salary?

Conducted by Salary.com, 2013





Why Don't You Negotiate Your Salary?

Conducted by SF Gate, 2013

U.S. Workers Surveyed



How Are Employers Basing Pay?

Conducted by Harris Interactive, 2013

HR & Hiring Managers Surveyed



Importance of Negotiating

- Receive acceptable rate of compensation in line with your level of experience, skills and education in the field (ROI).
- Get fair market value based on contingent data regarding the industry and similar positions. Never underestimate your worth.
- Ensure your personal needs are met.

Preparation and Research (Before the Offer)

- Thoroughly research what the market is paying in your desired geography.
- Gather evidence to determine an acceptable offer range.
- DO NOT discuss salary information until the employer brings it up. Initiating the topic can be a turn-off and could prevent you from moving forward in the process.

Preparation and Research (Continued)

www.salary.com www.glassdoor.com www.bls.gov/ooh

www.change-career-with-purpose.com www.payscale.com

www.collegegrad.com

Preparation and Research (After the Offer)

- Know the number/range you are looking for, ensure its in line with YOUR market value and PRACTICE your pitch.
- Evaluate the ENTIRE job offer package (benefits, vacation, paid days off, perks, etc.)

Example



- Company A is offering \$55,000 base pay and a benefits package worth \$5,000
- Company B is offering \$50,000 and a benefits package worth \$12,000 along with annual salary reviews

Items of Consideration

- Base Salary
- Retirement plans, Company matching, Pension Plans
- Health, Dental and Vision benefits (When do they begin?)
- Life insurance, disability, accidental death benefits
- Vacation time and Paid holidays/breaks
- Bonuses, commission, merit raises, performance reviews
- Stock options
- Reimbursements (tuition, mileage, commuting allowance)
- Relocation Costs (if applicable)
- Dependent Care Programs (Child & Elderly Care)
- Perks (Company car, laptop/tablet, cell phone, discounts)

Negotiation Examples

- Occupational data and research
 - Example 1: The average salary for my level of experience in Southern California is currently \$65,000 Are you able to provide an offer reflective of the current market value for my experience?
- o Demand of your skills and abilities:
 - Example 2: The demand of my experience in designing training manuals warrants a higher base. Data shows the average salary for this experience alone is about \$70,000.

Negotiation Examples

- Another offer on the table or current salary:
 - Example 3: I currently have an offer of \$65k for a similar position, are you willing to beat this offer?

Or

- I am currently making \$32 an hour. Would you be able to beat my current rate of pay?
- Needs of the company and your research:
 - Example 4: My ability to develop specific software can save the company up to \$10k in outside costs. For this reason I think it's reasonable to seek an additional \$5k in base pay.

Negotiation Examples

- Get the company to name a price:
 - Example 5: Based on my experience and the demands of the position, I'm hoping for a figure more in line with the market rate of this position. Can you tell me what kind of hiring range you have to offer?
- Higher end of the salary range:
 - Example 6: After comparing my skills and experience to what you desire in a candidate, would it be possible to discuss increasing the offer to somewhere closer to the high end of your listed salary range?

Additional Tips

- Diffuse the risk of your request being taken negatively by assuring them you want the position.
- Exemplify confidence; Convince yourself you are worth it.
- Avoid giving personal reasons for a salary increase.
- Start reasonably high but not too high.
- You may not get everything you want. Be reasonable, understanding and realistic. Feel free to ask how salary was determined.
- Be ready to say no if the offer doesn't fit your needs.

Tips on Asking for a Raise

- Once again, research your position and know your market value.
- Know the details of your benefits package and your complete salary structure (contact HR if necessary)
- Request an appointment regarding your performance with your immediate Supervisor.
- Bring list of your accomplishments and how you have specifically contributed to the companies goals (start saving these records now if you haven't been)

Tips on Asking for a Raise

- List how you have gone above and beyond your job description.
- Show your commitment and desire to grow with a log of overtime, after-hours trainings and education you have pursued.
- Network with professionals and individuals at other companies to determine a realistic number you should ask for (LinkedIn).
- Be positive and professional. Avoid coming off hesitant.
- If request is denied, respectfully ask what can you do to improve enough to warrant a raise.

Questions